# **WORKING LOAD LIMIT CHART**

This chart applies to general purpose chain slings made of Grade 80 and Grade 100 lifting chain and components manufactured to AS3775.2:2014 or equivalent international standards, and flat web and endless round slings manufactured to AS1353.2-1997 and AS4497:2018 or equivalent international standards. For ratings of special purpose slings consult a Steel & Tube lifting specialist.

## The Uniform Method for Rating GRADE 80 Chain Slings

This info is based on the lowest allowable ratings for Grade 80 Chain Slings. Ratings can be higher based on actual manufacturer WLL.

Lifting Mode	1 leg 2 leg			3 & 4 leg – Same ratings			Lifting Mode	Vertical	Choke	Basket Parallel	Basket @ 30°	Basket @ 60°	Basket @ 90°	2 Leg Sling @ 0° to 90°	3-4 Leg Sling @ 0° to 90°	
	90°								79		$\Delta_{\mathbb{N}}$			Å	R	
Chain 0 (mm)	Factor 1 0°	Factor 1.7 at 60º	Factor 1.4 at 90°	Factor 1.4 at 120º	Factor 2.6 at 60°	Factor 2.1 at 90°	Factor 1.5 at 120°		V	$\cup                                    $	0 0					// //
6.00	1.12	1.90	1.60	1.12	2.90	2.36	1.70	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg	W.L.L. Kg
7.00	1.50	2.55	2.12	1.50	3.90	3.15	2.24	500	500	400	1,000	950	850	700	700	1,050
8.00	2.00	3.40	2.80	2.00	5.20	4.25	3.00	1,000	1,000	800	2,000	1,900	1,700	1,400	1,400	2,100
10.00	3.15	5.35	4.25	3.15	8.20	6.70	4.75	2,000	2,000	1,600	4,000	3,800	3,400	2,800	2,800	4,200
13.00	5.30	9.00	7.50	5.30	13.80	11.20	8.00	3,000	3,000	2,400	6,000	5,700	5,100	4,200	4,200	6,300
16.00	8.00	13.60	11.20	8.00	20.80	17.00	11.80	4,000	4,000	3,200	8,000	7,600	6,800	5,600	5,600	8,400
19.00	11.20	19.00	16.00	11.20	29.00	23.60	17.00	5,000	5,000	4,000	10,000	9,500	8,500	7,000	7,000	10,500
20.00	12.50	21.25	17.00	12.50	32.50	26.50	19.00	6,000	6,000	4,800	12,000	11,400	10,200	8,400	8,400	12,600
22.00	15.00	25.50	21.20	15.00	39.00	31.50	22.40	8,000	8,000	6,400	16,000	15,200	13,600	11,200	11,200	16,800
26.00	21.20	36.00	30.00	21.20	55.10	45.00	31.50	10,000	10,000	8,000	20,000	19,000	17,000	14,000	14,000	21,000
32.00	31.50	53.50	45.00	31.50	81.90	67.00	47.50	12,000	12,000	9,600	24,000	22,800	20,400	16,800	16,800	25,200

Ratings are in tonnes unless otherwise specified.

If chain is choked WLL must be derated by 20%

### The Uniform Method for Rating GRADE 100 Chain Slings

This info is based on the lowest allowable ratings for Grade 100 Chain Slings. Ratings can be higher based on actual manufacturer WLL.

	1 leg		2 leg		3 & 4 leg – Same ratings				
Lifting Mode	90°		α						
Grade 10	Factor 1 0°	Factor 1.7 at 60°	Factor 1.4 at 90°	Factor 1 at 120°	Factor 2.6 at 60°	Factor 2.1 at 90°	Factor 1.5 at 120°		
6mm	1.40	2.38	1.96	1.40	3.64	2.94	2.10		
7mm	1.90	3.23	2.66	1.90	4.94	3.99	2.85		
8mm	2.50	4.25	3.50	2.50	6.50	5.25	3.75		
10mm	4.00	6.80	5.60	4.00	10.40	8.40	6.00		
13mm	6.70	11.39	9.38	6.70	17.42	14.07	10.05		
16mm	10.00	17.00	14.00	10.00	26.00	21.00	15.00		
19mm	14.00	23.80	19.60	14.00	36.40	29.40	21.00		
20mm	16.00	27.20	22.40	16.00	40.60	33.60	24.00		
22mm	19.00	32.30	26.60	19.00	49.40	39.90	28.50		

Ratings are in tonnes unless otherwise specified.

If chain is choked WLL must be derated by 20%

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- knotting
- Never point load a hook the load should always seat correctly in the bowl of the hook

- Periodic thorough examination must be carried out at least every 12 months or more frequently according to statutory regulations, type and frequency of use. • Chains with bent links or with cracks or gouges in the link should be replaced, as should deformed components such as bent master links, opened up hooks and any fitting showing signs of damage.

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# Flat Web Lifting Slings & Endless Round Slings

Note: Some web slings are manufactured using white (loomstate) webbing. In such cases, refer to manufacturer specifications and product label.

NOTE: Trigonometric Load Method is not a standard lifting practice but can be used for specialised lifts. Consult your Steel & Tube lifting specialist.

### **USE OF CHAIN SLINGS:**

- Keep a register of all slings in use
- Never lift with a twisted chain
- Chain slings should be shortened with a shortening hook, never by
- Protect the chain against sharp edges by sufficient padding
- Always use the correct sized sling for the load, allowing for the included angle and the possibility of unequal loading
- The master link should always be able to move freely on the crane hook • Avoid shock loading at all times
- Avoid severe sling angles, and use protection over sharp or rough edges

### **MAINTENANCE OF CHAIN SLINGS:**

Chains should be inspected prior to use

### **BASIC RULES FOR SAFE LIFTING:**

- Always know the weight of the load you are going to lift
- Select the correct sling or slings for the lift
- Avoid severe sling angles, and use protection over sharp or rough edges
- Make sure area and destination for load are clear before lifting
- Always use dunnage so that slings are removed without damage
- Report any damage
- Store slings in clean dry areas correctly.

### **INSPECTION & CARE OF SYNTHETIC LIFTING SLINGS:**

- Inspect slings for any damage before use
- Protect slings from sharp or abrasive edges
- Do not use slings above their W.L.L.
- Position load on dunnage to ensure easy removal of slings
- Do not twist or knot slings to shorten
- Do not use when temperatures exceed 90°C
- Do not snatch or shock load slings when lifting
- Check with manufacturer before using slings in or near Alkalis and Acids.



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